

$$M\ddot{x}_1 = -Kx_1 + (x_2 - x_1)K - C\dot{x}_1$$

$$M\ddot{x}_1 + K(2x_1 - x_2) + C\dot{x}_1 = 0$$

$$M\ddot{x}_2 = -K(-x_2 + x_1) + (x_3 - x_2)K$$

$$M\ddot{x}_2 + K(2x_2 - x_1 - x_3) = 0$$

$$M\ddot{x}_3 = K(x_2 - x_3) - Kx_3$$

$$M\ddot{x}_3 + K(2x_3 - x_2) = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} M & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & M & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & M \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \ddot{x}_1 \\ \ddot{x}_2 \\ \ddot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} C & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & C & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & C \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2K & -K & 0 \\ -K & 2K & -K \\ 0 & -K & 2K \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

See attached code

B) $\dot{z} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \pm i \\ M^{-1}K & M^{-1}C \end{bmatrix} z$

$\underbrace{\quad}_{A}$

$z = e^{\lambda t} \cdot V$ where λ is the eigenvalues of A and V is the matrix of eigenvectors.

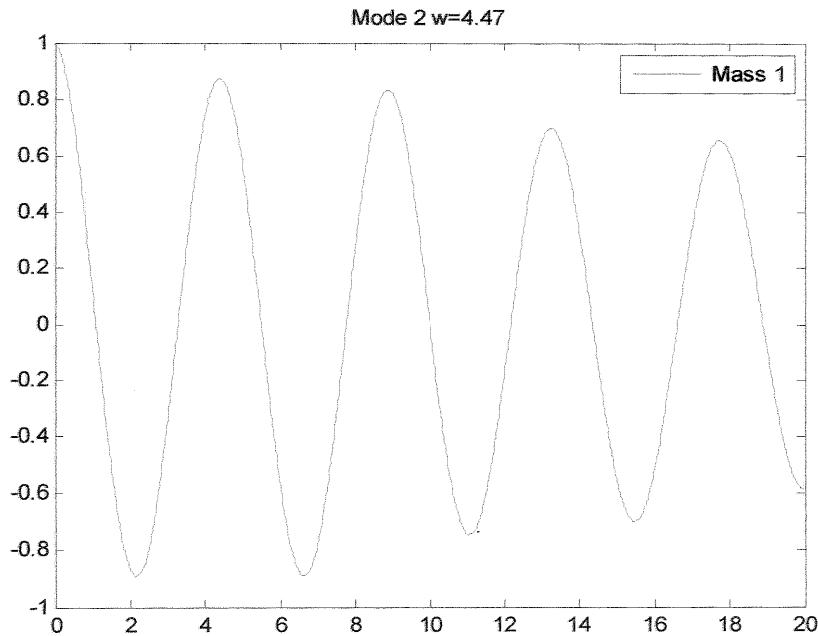
$$z = [v_1 \ v_2 \ v_3 \ v_4 \ v_5 \ v_6] \begin{bmatrix} e^{\lambda_1 t} \\ e^{\lambda_2 t} \\ \vdots \\ e^{\lambda_n t} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = V^{-1} z_0$$

The Matlab is trivial
() This part is trivial

34 (5/5)

A)



```
function Homework34()

%Parameters
m=1;
k=1;
M = [ m 0 0; 0 m 0;0 0 m];
K = [2*k -k 0; -k 2*k -k;0 -k 2*k];
C=[.1*sqrt(k*m) 0 0 0; 0 0 0; 0 0 0];

%ICs:
%x0= [1 1.618]'; % initial position
x0= [1 0 -1]'; % initial position
v0=[ 0 0 0]'; % initial velocity
zzero= [x0;v0];

n= 1000;

tspan = linspace(0, 20, n)

%Method I: ODE soln
[t zmatrix] = ode45(@rhs, tspan, zzero, [], M,K,C );
x1 = zmatrix(:,1);
x2 = zmatrix(:,2);
x3 = zmatrix(:,3);

figure(1)

plot (t,x1); title('Mode 2 w=4.47')
```

```
legend('Mass 1')
```

```
%%%%%%%%
function zdot = rhs(t,z,M,K,C)
x = z(1:3);
v = z(4:6);

xdot = v;
vdot = -M^-1 * (K*x+C*v);

zdot = [xdot; vdot];
end
```