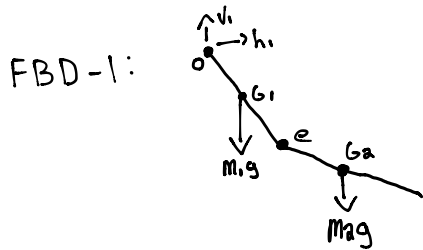
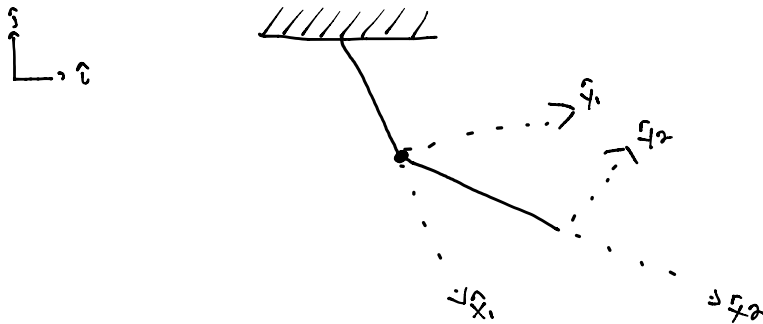
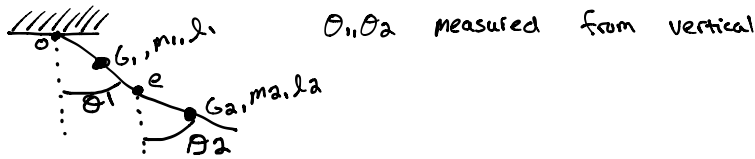


# Double Pendulum

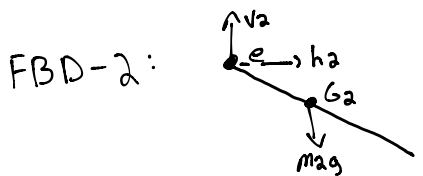


$$\sum \vec{M}_{/o} = \vec{H}_{/o}$$

$$\sum \vec{M}_{/o} = (\vec{r}_{G1/o} \times -m_1 g \hat{j}) + (\vec{r}_{G2/o} \times -m_2 g \hat{j})$$

$$I \rightarrow I_2 m l^2$$

$$\vec{H}_{/o} = (\vec{r}_{G1/o} \times m_1 \ddot{\vec{r}}_{G1/o}) + I_{1/G1} \ddot{\theta}_1 \hat{k} + (\vec{r}_{G2/o} \times m_2 \ddot{\vec{r}}_{G2/o}) + I_{2/G2} \ddot{\theta}_2 \hat{k}$$



$$\sum \vec{M}_{/e} = \vec{H}_{/e}$$

$$\sum \vec{M}_{/e} = (\vec{r}_{G2/e} \times -m_2 g \hat{j})$$

$$\vec{H}_{/e} = (\vec{r}_{G2/e} \times m_2 \ddot{\vec{r}}_{G2/e}) + I_{2/G2} \ddot{\theta}_2 \hat{k}$$

$\vec{r}_{G2/o}$

Expressions for unit vectors:  $x_1, x_2, y_1, y_2$

$$\hat{x}_1 = \sin \theta_1 \hat{i} - \cos \theta_1 \hat{j}$$

$$\hat{y}_1 = \cos \theta_1 \hat{i} + \sin \theta_1 \hat{j}$$

$$\hat{x}_2 = \sin \theta_2 \hat{i} - \cos \theta_2 \hat{j}$$

$$\hat{y}_2 = \cos \theta_2 \hat{i} + \sin \theta_2 \hat{j}$$

Differentiate Them: unit vectors are constants (no product rules)

$$\dot{\hat{x}}_1 = \frac{d}{dt}(\hat{x}_1) = \frac{d}{dt}(\sin\theta_1 \hat{i} - \cos\theta_1 \hat{j}) = \dot{\theta}_1 \cos\theta_1 \hat{i} + \dot{\theta}_1 \sin\theta_1 \hat{j} = \dot{\theta}_1 \hat{y}_1$$

Aside:  $\dot{z} = \vec{\omega} \times z$ ,  $\dot{\hat{x}}_1 = \dot{\theta} \hat{k} \times \hat{x}_1 = \dot{\theta} \hat{y}_1$

$$\dot{\hat{x}}_1 = \dot{\theta}_1 \hat{y}_1 \quad \dot{\hat{y}}_1 = -\dot{\theta}_1 \hat{x}_1 \quad \dot{\hat{x}}_2 = \dot{\theta}_2 \hat{y}_2 \quad \dot{\hat{y}}_2 = -\dot{\theta}_2 \hat{x}_2$$

Differentiate Again: cross products this time because we have  $\hat{x}_1, \hat{y}_1$  and not  $\hat{i}, \hat{j}$

$$\ddot{\hat{x}}_1 = \ddot{\theta}_1 \hat{y}_1 + \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\hat{y}}_1 = \ddot{\theta}_1 \hat{y}_1 - \dot{\theta}_1^2 \hat{x}_1$$

$$\ddot{\hat{y}}_1 = -\ddot{\theta}_1 \hat{x}_1 - \dot{\theta}_1^2 \hat{y}_1$$

$$\ddot{\hat{x}}_2 = \ddot{\theta}_2 \hat{y}_2 - \dot{\theta}_2^2 \hat{x}_2$$

$$\ddot{\hat{y}}_2 = -\ddot{\theta}_2 \hat{x}_2 - \dot{\theta}_2^2 \hat{y}_2$$

$$\vec{r}_{G1/O} = \frac{1}{2} l_1 \hat{x}_1 \quad \vec{r}_{G2/O} = l_1 \hat{x}_1 + \frac{1}{2} l_2 \hat{x}_2 \quad \vec{r}_{G2/E} = \frac{1}{2} l_2 \hat{x}_2$$

$$\ddot{\vec{r}}_{G1/O} = \frac{1}{2} l_1 \ddot{\hat{x}}_1 \quad \ddot{\vec{r}}_{G2/O} = l_1 \ddot{\hat{x}}_1 + \frac{1}{2} l_2 \ddot{\hat{x}}_2 \quad \ddot{\vec{r}}_{G2/E} = \frac{1}{2} l_2 \ddot{\hat{x}}_2$$

$$\sum \vec{M}_{1/O} \overset{\text{colon}}{=} -m_1 g (\vec{r}_{G1/O} \times \hat{j}) = -m_1 g \frac{l_1}{2} \sin\theta_1$$

$$I_{1/O} = \frac{1}{2} m_1 l_1^2$$

$$I_{2/O} = \frac{1}{2} m_2 l_2^2$$

$$-\text{mag}(\vec{r}_{G1/O} \times \hat{j}) = -\text{mag}(l_1 \hat{x}_1 + \frac{1}{2} l_2 \hat{x}_2) \times \hat{j} = -\text{mag} l_1 \sin\theta_1 - \frac{1}{2} \text{mag} l_2 \sin\theta_2$$

Finish This!